EXHIBIT 68

	Page 1
1	
2	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
3	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS
4	EASTERN DIVISION
5	x
6	CYNTHIA RUSSO, LISA BULLARD,
7	RICARDO GONZALES, INTERNATIONAL Case No.
8	BROTHERHOOD OF ELECTRICAL WORKERS 1:17-CV-02246
9	LOCAL 38 HEALTH AND WELFARE FUND,
10	INTERNATIONAL UNION OF OPERATING
11	ENGINEERS LOCAL 295-295C WELFARE
12	FUND, and STEAMFITTERS FUND LOCAL
13	439, on Behalf of Themselves and
14	All Others Similarly Situated,
15	Plaintiffs,
16	vs.
17	WALGREEN CO.,
18	Defendant.
19	x
20	** CONFIDENTIAL **
21	STENOGRAPHIC AND VIDEO-RECORDED
22	REMOTE VIRTUAL DEPOSITION OF
23	JED R. SMITH
24	Friday, April 28, 2023
25	10:03 a.m.

	Page 2
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2	Friday, April 28, 2023
3	10:03 a.m.
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5	TRANSCRIPT of the stenographic and
6	video-recorded remote virtual deposition of JED R.
7	SMITH, pursuant to the Federal Rules of Civil
8	Procedure, held on Friday, April 28, 2023,
9	commencing at approximately 10:03 a.m.,
10	stenographically recorded by Josephine H. Fassett, a
11	Registered Professional Reporter, Certified Court
12	Reporter, and Notary Public of the states of New
13	York and New Jersey.
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2	would seem to be reasonable. But, again, this
3	information's not in the data and would therefore
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8	document like this that says, "This is for TPP X.
9	This is for TPP Y."
10	Q. All right.
11	MR. ALEXANDER: I move to strike
12	everything after "reasonable" as
13	nonresponsive.
14	Q. Mr. Smith, can you turn to page 55 of
15	your report.
16	Let me know when you're there.
17	A. I'm at you said page 55, correct?
18	Q. Yes.
19	A. I'm at page 55.
20	Q. Paragraph 115. Are you at paragraph
21	115?
22	A. Yes, I am.
23	Q. Thank you.
24	In the final sentence of paragraph 115
25	you say with regards to Mr. Gonzalez's Arizona

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transactions that they're associated with a fulfillment center and not a retail pharmacy. And as support you cite in Footnote 205 to the Declaration of Henry Thompson dated March 15, 2023.

Are you aware of any transactional data that indicates that Mr. Gonzalez's Arizona transactions are associated with a fulfillment center?

- A. Other than just Googling the address, you might be able to determine that, but I'm not aware of anything in the data that specifically says it's a fulfillment center.
- Q. Did you Google the address to determine whether it's a fulfillment center?
- A. I did not. I relied on Mr. Thompson's declaration.
- Q. So prior to seeing Mr. Thompson's declaration dated March 15, did you have any reason to believe that Mr. Gonzalez's Arizona transactions were associated with a fulfillment center?
- A. Counsel had informed me before at that point that that store was a fulfillment center,

Page 77 1 CONFIDENTIAL - SMITH 2 but prior to that information from counsel I would 3 not. 4 When did counsel inform you that that Ο. 5 store was a fulfillment center? 6 Α. I don't remember the specific date. 7 Approximately when did counsel inform Q. 8 you that that store was a fulfillment center? 9 Α. Probably sometime in January or February 10 of this year. 11 Do you recall who, which counsel, 0. 12 informed you that that store was a fulfillment 13 center? 14 Α. I don't. 15 Ο. Do you recall how counsel informed you 16 that that store was a fulfillment center? 17 Via a phone call. Α. 18 Ο. Prior to counsels informing you that 19 that store was a fulfillment center at the 20 beginning of this year, did you have any reason to 21 believe that Mr. Gonzalez's Arizona transactions 22 were associated with a fulfillment center? 23 No. Α. 24 Do you believe that Walgreens is able to 25 identify which store numbers are associated with

Page 78 1 CONFIDENTIAL - SMITH 2 fulfillment centers? 3 MR. LEIB: Objection. Q. You can answer. 4 5 Α. I believe the data dictionary for the 6 7 8 that data element, but my recollection is it was 9 not produced in this matter. 10 I'm not sure that I understand that 11 testimony. Are you saying that you have seen a 12 data dictionary that applies to Walgreens' data 13 that may not have been produced in this matter? 14 Α. I -- the data dictionary I believe 15 16 17 matter. So you believe that there is a field 18 Q. 19 available in Walgreens' data that may indicate 20 whether a store is a fulfillment center? 21 MR. LEIB: Objection. You can answer. 22 Q. 23 I don't know definitively, but that 24 field might contain that type of information. 25 Well, just to back up for a second. Q.

Page 79 1 CONFIDENTIAL - SMITH 2 Mr. Thompson put in a declaration that 3 this store is a fulfillment center. Is it unreasonable to assume that Walgreens is capable 4 5 of identifying the other fulfillment centers and what store numbers are associated with them? 6 7 MR. LEIB: Objection. 8 Q. You can answer. 9 I would expect that they would know what 10 stores are their fulfillment centers. 11 Could you please turn to page 58 of your 0. 12 report. Could you let me know when you're there. 13 I'm there. 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

Page 133 1 CONFIDENTIAL - SMITH 2 3 4 5 6 7 Are you offering an affirmative opinion in this matter that not all plans use lesser-of 8 9 logic to price transactions? 10 I am not offering that opinion. 11 relying on Mr. Jacobs and Mr. Hughes for that. 12 Sitting here today, do you know what Q. 13 Dr. Jacobs' support for that proposition was? 14 I don't remember all of his support. Α. I 15 believe there was at least one contract in this 16 matter that had no reference to lesser-of logic 17 for usual and customary. If the amount paid by a health plan, 18 Q. 19 plus the amount paid by a consumer, equals the 20 usual and customary price, is that suggestive that 21 the usual and customary price was the basis for 22 determining the amount paid by the health plan? 23 For that transaction, yes, that the Α. 24 usual and customary price was the basis of the

price.

Page 136 1 CONFIDENTIAL - SMITH 2 provide certain information that necessarily 3 requires individualized review? 4 MR. LEIB: Objection. 5 Ο. You can answer. I'm not sure I understood the question. 6 Α. 7 Can you ask it again? 8 Is it your understanding that if class 0. 9 members do provide certain information that the 10 damages analysis necessarily requires individualized review? 11 12 Α. I think that would depend on what 13 information is provided and how you would 14 implement it. 15 Q. So it may but you're not sure? 16 MR. LEIB: Objection. 17 It seems like it would be a case-by-case Α. 18 basis of what type of information we're talking 19 about. 20 Do you understand that plaintiffs' 0. 21 proposed class definition excludes Walgreens and 22 its management, employees, subsidiaries, and 23 affiliates? 24 Α. I recall that piece of class definition, 25 yes.

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Q. And just so that you can look at this,
I'm on page 2 of your report, at the top, which
begins, "Excluded from the Class are (a) Walgreens
and its management, employees, subsidiaries, and
affiliates."

To the best of your knowledge, does any of the data produced in this action identify whether a given individual is a member of Walgreens' management?

- A. I'm not sure if there's anything that would identify specific management employees unless they had a different health plan than the rest of the employees.
- Q. And in that circumstance, are you aware of any data produced in this action that would identify whether a given individual is a member of Walgreens' management?
- A. It's not something I specifically looked into, so I'm not sure.
- Q. To the best of your knowledge, does any of the data produced in this action identify whether a given individual is a Walgreens employee?
 - A. It is not something I specifically

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looked into, but I would expect that Walgreens has a health plan and you would at least be able to identify members of the Walgreens health plan.

- Q. To the best of your knowledge, does any of the data produced in this action identify whether a given entity is a Walgreens subsidiary?
 - A. Not that I'm aware of.
- Q. To the best your knowledge, does any of the data produced in this action identify whether a given entity is a Walgreens affiliate?
 - A. Not that I'm aware of.
- Q. In your opinion, is the identity of Walgreens management, employees, subsidiaries, and affiliates knowable?

MR. LEIB: Objection.

- O. You can answer.
- A. I would expect that Walgreens could provide that information.
- Q. Walgreens can identify its employees, its management, its subsidiaries, and its affiliates, right?
- A. They may have challenges over certain periods of time, but I would expect that they, to the extent they have records, they could provide

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Page 139 1 CONFIDENTIAL - SMITH 2 them. 3 And would you give the same answer as to Ο. the relevant PBMs, that they could identify their 4 5 subsidiaries? I would expect that PBMs would be able 6 7 to identify their subsidiaries. 8 Would you expect that the relevant PBMs Q. 9 could identify their affiliates? 10 MR. LEIB: Objection. 11 I believe so, but there may be some Α. 12 challenges there with the mergers and acquisitions 13 as well. 14 Sitting here today, do you have any 15 reason to believe that the relevant PBMs are less 16 capable than Walgreens at identifying their 17 subsidiaries or affiliates? 18 Α. No. 19 On page 2 let's look at b, "Excluded 20 from the Class are the Court, members of their 21 immediate families, and judicial staff." 22 To the best of your knowledge, does any 23 of the data produced in this action identify

whether an individual is a judge, a member of the

judge's immediate family, or judicial staff?

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Page 140 1 CONFIDENTIAL - SMITH 2 MR. LEIB: Objection. 3 I don't believe so. Α. In your experience, working on other 4 Q. 5 class actions, have you ever worked on a matter 6 where the court, members of their immediate family 7 or judicial staff were not excluded from a class definition? 8 9 I'm not sure. I remember seeing class 10 definitions that I don't remember having that 11 level of specificity in them. 12 Q. So you don't recall? 13 Α. I don't. 14 In your opinion, do members of the court 15 know who they are? 16 I would assume so, but I don't know, I 17 have not talked to anyone in the court. 18 MR. ALEXANDER: Can the videographer 19 let us know, how long have we been going 20 since the last break? 21 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We have been going 22 for 37 minutes. 23 MR. ALEXANDER: Great. 24 Q. Mr. Smith, what does it mean to 25 adjudicate a claim?

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- A. In a general high-level description would be to run that claim through the different coverage and benefit aspects of a prescription drug plan.
 - Q. What entity adjudicates claims?
- A. It depends on what type of claim you're talking about.
- Q. Is it fair to say that PBMs generally adjudicate claims for the purchases of prescription drugs made at retail pharmacies?

 MR. LEIB: Objection.
 - Q. You can answer.
- A. I believe that that's generally the case, or, I guess, third-party administrators that they subcontract to.
- Q. Do you have an understanding as to what information is generally considered as part of the adjudication process?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And what information do you believe is generally considered as part of the adjudication process?
- A. Eligibility. Plan design. Drug formularies. Contract terms. Benefit structure,

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Page 142 1 CONFIDENTIAL - SMITH 2 among other things. 3 And all of those factors are considered 0. through the process of adjudicating a claim, 4 5 correct? 6 MR. LEIB: Objection. 7 Q. You can answer. 8 Based on my general understanding, yes. Α. 9 Ο. Is it fair to say that pharmacies submit 10 the data that is used in the adjudication process? 11 MR. LEIB: Sorry, can you repeat that 12 question, Carey? 13 Q. Is it fair to say that a pharmacy 14 submits data that is used in the adjudication 15 process? 16 MR. LEIB: Objection. 17 Ο. You can answer. 18 Α. It would be fair to say that data 19 submitted by the pharmacy is relied upon in the 20 adjudication process. 21 And is it fair to say that PBM when 22 adjudicating a claim then returns data to the 23 pharmacy identifying the results of that 24 adjudication process? 25 MR. LEIB: Objection.

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O. You can answer.

- A. The PBM will generally return certain information to the pharmacy identifying the result of the adjudication process.
- Q. When you say, "the PBM will generally return certain information," is it your understanding that the PBM will retain information that was not submitted to the pharmacy as a result of the adjudication process?
- A. I can't speak specifically to what they retain, but I don't believe they provide all of the information that underlies an adjudication back to the pharmacy.
- Q. So the PBMs may have more information than the pharmacy about the information that underlies an adjudication, correct?
- A. That would be my expectation is that the pharmacy -- or the PBM has information beyond what the pharmacy has that's used in adjudication.
- Q. Are you familiar with the NCPDP standards?
 - A. I'm familiar with them, yes.
- Q. At a high level, what is your understanding of what the NCPDP standards are?

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MR. LEIB: I'll instruct the witness, to the extent he's obligated or there are any confidentiality agreements, not to disclose that information, that he shouldn't disclose that information. To the extent he's free to, then of course he should.

- A. I believe all the instances where I have worked with a PBM we were retained, there's confidentiality clauses in our engagement and that wasn't publicly disclosed, so I don't believe I can name those PBMs.
- Q. Have you ever seen data from a PBM -- strike that.

Have you ever seen data fields produced by PBMs that were not produced in connection with this action?

- A. I believe so, yes.
- Q. Have you seen data fields produced by PBMs that include information on whether co-insurance as opposed to a co-pay was paid?
- A. I have seen some PBMs produce fields that had different columns for co-pay and co-insurance, but those fields are not always

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matter if there was -- if they have this information available.

- Q. Just to save time. That would be the same answer that applies to subparagraph one above, you don't have an opinion in this matter about whether the relevant PBMs do or don't have information regarding the periodic deductible amount that would be associated with a given transaction, correct?
 - A. Identified in subparagraph 1.

MR. LEIB: What paragraph are you referring to, Carey?

MR. ALEXANDER: Subparagraph m, that's one above n that starts on page 44.

THE WITNESS: Okay.

MR. LEIB: M as in Mary.

- A. You said one paragraph -- paragraph one above and I was trying to find subparagraph one and I was completely lost, so I apologize, I missed your question.
- Q. That's okay. It's very difficult to give verbal directions in a text document, so let me, let me ask -- let me ask the question again.

Do you have the same opinion -- strike

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Page 166 1 CONFIDENTIAL - SMITH 2 that. 3 Are you also not offering an opinion 4 with regards to the data identified in 5 subparagraph (m) whether or not the relevant PBMs 6 maintain information regarding a periodic 7 deductible that would be applicable to a given 8 transaction? 9 Α. That's correct. 10 Are you familiar with the term generic Q. effective rate? 11 12 Α. Yes, I am. 13 Ο. To what does that refer? 14 It's generally a -- it depends on --15 it's between a TPA -- TPP and a PBM or a PBM and a 16 pharmacy. Each could have a generic effective 17 rate, but it generally sets a floor or a ceiling on the amount that is going to be paid for generic 18 19 drugs. 20 Is it correct that generic effective 21 rate payments are made after claims have already 22 been adjudicated and paid? 23 Generic effective rates are Α. 24 reconciliations of previously paid transactions, 25 yes.

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- A. Can you ask one more time.
- Q. Is it fair to say, in general, that PBMs make GER payments and TPPs receive them; is that one of the general setups?
- A. I would agree with you that that's one of the setups. I don't know that I agree with the first way you phrased the question, because there could also be the PBM pharmacy GER payments.
- Q. Okay. When a PBM makes a GER payment to a TPP, is it correct that the PBM knows the amount of the GER payment that it's making?
- A. If they're making the payment, then I would think they know the amount they're making. But I remember at least one of the named plaintiffs they were getting allocated GER payments from their, I guess, GPO, or whatever entity that helped them contract with the PBM.
- Q. And in that situation did the named plaintiff know how much it was receiving as a GER, in your understanding?
 - A. That's my understanding.

 MR. LEIB: I object to that question.
- Q. Is it fair to -- do you have any knowledge as to whether or not PBMs maintain

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records of GER payments that they make?

- A. I would expect that they, for at least some period of time, maintain records of GER payments they've made.
- Q. In your review of the data produced in this action, have you been able to associate any GER payment with an overcharge that plaintiffs have identified?

MR. LEIB: Objection.

A. So in paragraph 108 on page 50 of my report, I cite to EHPC00240 that shows that IBEW

Q. Well, that wasn't my question. I asked:

Have you reviewed any data that allows

you to tie the GER payment that you reference here to a specific overcharge?

- A. I think I just answered that question.
- Q. And to make sure I understand your answer, you're simply saying the fact of a GER payment in 2018 and the fact of an overcharge that Dr. Hilton identified in 2018 means that somehow

Page 182 1 CONFIDENTIAL - SMITH 2 different than the amount of an overcharge? 3 MR. LEIB: Objection. Q. You can answer. 4 5 My general understanding is that it 6 relates to the amount that one party received in 7 excess of what it would have received absent 8 conduct. 9 Ο. That the focus is instead on the party 10 that's receiving the benefit, correct? 11 MR. LEIB: Objection. 12 You can answer. Q. 13 Α. That's my general understanding. 14 Do most claims adjudication items have 0. 15 any bearing on the amount that Walgreens received 16 in connection with a given claim? 17 It impacts the amount that Walgreens Α. 18 could receive through generic effective rate 19 payments from the PBM. 20 So you believe the unjust enrichment 0. 21 amount in a separate GER calculation between 22 Walgreens and the PBM may change as a result; is 23 that correct? That's correct. 24 Α. 25 Q. Okay. You created a methodology to

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identify PSC prices in this action, right?

- A. I applied Dr. Hilton's methodology and I adjusted it for the purposes of applying the PSC enrollment fee, but other than that that's the only methodology I applied.
- Q. You didn't create your own methodology for identifying PSC prices?
 - A. I did not.
- Q. How did you adjust Dr. Hilton's methodology?
- A. As discussed in my report, I applied Dr. Hilton's methodology. And then the only variation, when it came to selecting PSC prices in analyzing her analysis, was to calculate an allocation of the PSC enrollment fee per Ms. Nordby's expert report.
- Q. So you're offering no opinion that relies on your own methodology as to what the PSC price should be in connection with any PSC drug, correct?
 - MR. LEIB: Objection.
- A. It was for this part of the matter I was not asked to calculate a specific PSC price for any given transaction, so I analyzed Dr. Hilton's

Page 184 1 CONFIDENTIAL - SMITH 2 PSC prices and applied the enrollment fee per my 3 scope of work. 4 When you say, "for this part of the Q. 5 matter," what do you mean? The class certification discussion. 6 Α. 7 And so it's your understanding that in a Q. 8 later phase of this matter you may develop a 9 separate methodology for identifying PSC prices? 10 My understanding that if the matter 11 proceeded past class certification, I may or may 12 not be asked to perform damages calculations or 13 other items that may require a PSC price 14 calculation or analyzing further plaintiffs' 15 experts' PSC price determinations, but I don't know if I will or will not. 16 17 Q. I'd like you to turn to page 30 of your 18 report. 19 I'm there. Α. 20 Table 17. The final column there refers Q. 21 22 that? 23 I see that. Α. 24 Without developing your own methodology Q.

to identify PSC prices, what is the basis for your

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opinion that this PSC price is correct?

- A. Based on my understanding of
 Dr. Hilton's methodology and what the Connecticut
 Reconciliation data reflects. So I didn't
 undertake a universal analysis to identify PSC
 prices. I'm pointing out here an example of a
 price she selects that based on how I understood
 the Connecticut Reconciliation data works, would
 have been the price item I would have expected her
 to pick under her methodology.
- Q. So you have no opinion in this action whether or not any of the PSC prices that you identify in your report are actually PSC prices; is that correct?

MR. LEIB: Objection.

- A. Can you ask that question one more time.
- Q. You have no opinion in this action whether or not any of the PSC prices that you identify in your report are actually PSC prices, correct?

MR. LEIB: Objection.

A. My review was to determine whether I would get the same PSC price if I applied the methodology that Dr. Hilton applied, so it's

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- A. I was not asked to undertake an effort to calculate my own independent determination of PSC prices for this report.
- Q. So the answer is no, none of the PSC prices that you identify in this report in your opinion are necessarily correct PSC prices?

MR. LEIB: Objection.

- A. My analysis was whether Dr. Hilton implemented her own methodology consistently. I have not put forth an opinion as to what my own independent determination of each PSC price would be, that would require significant more analysis and determination.
- Q. So to the extent that you identify a PSC price in your report, you have no idea whether that's correct, right?

MR. LEIB: Objection.

- Q. You can answer.
- A. Again, my analysis was whether it was the correct price under Dr. Hilton's methodology, not whether it's the actual PSC price at the time.
- Q. To the extent that you failed to replicate Dr. Hilton's methodology accurately, would you then agree that any opinions that you

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Q. But you aren't offering any affirmative opinion on your own about whether damages can be determined on a class-wide basis because you haven't come up with a way to identify PSC prices and you agree that's one aspect of analyzing damages, right?

MR. LEIB: Objection.

- A. I'm not understanding how you're connecting those two points.
- Q. You've already told me that in order to evaluate whether damages can be determined on a class-wide basis, you need to first be able to come up with a methodology for identifying PSC prices. Because you haven't come up with a way to identify PSC prices, you haven't evaluated whether damages can be determined on a class-wide basis.

Separate and apart, all you've done is evaluate and respond to Dr. Hilton's report, right? You haven't made any independent evaluation about whether damages can be determined on a class-wide basis.

MR. LEIB: Objection.

A. I disagree with that. Because I performed analyses and identified the steps that

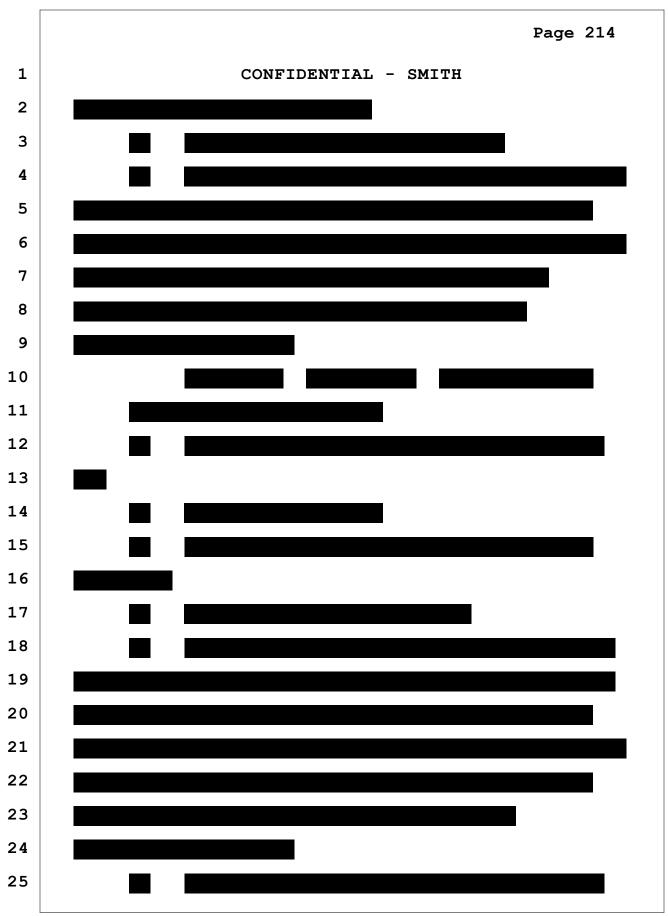
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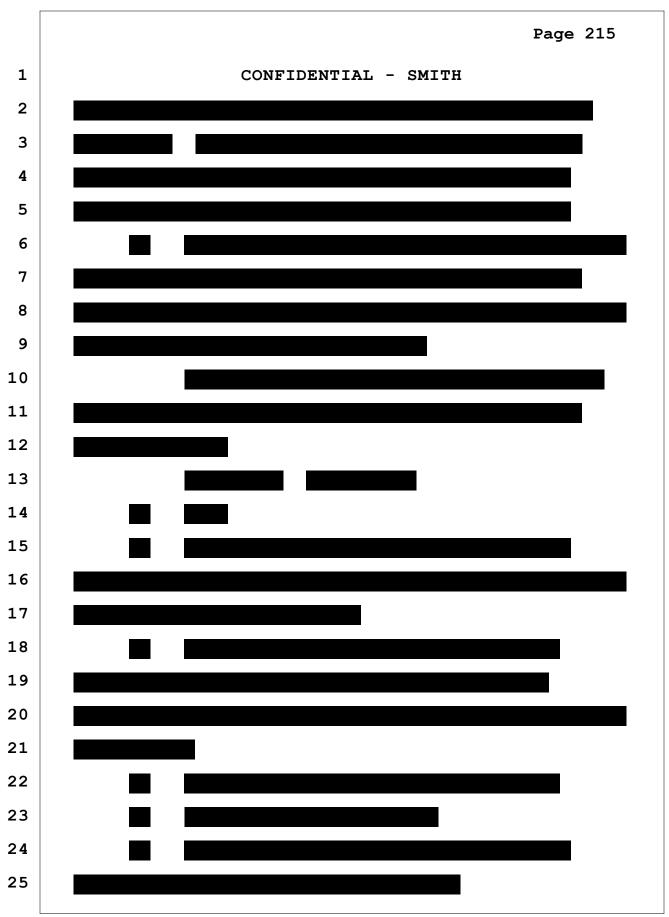
would be required to calculate damages on a class-wide -- or calculate damages. And even if you did that using Dr. Hilton's PSC prices, I've shown examples of how you cannot calculate damages without factoring in deductibles, out-of-pocket maximums, generic effective rates and other re-adjudication items.

Q. So because of the steps that you've identified that would be required to calculate damages, separate and apart, you didn't think you needed to determine whether or not you could identify PSC prices on your own, right?

MR. LEIB: Objection.

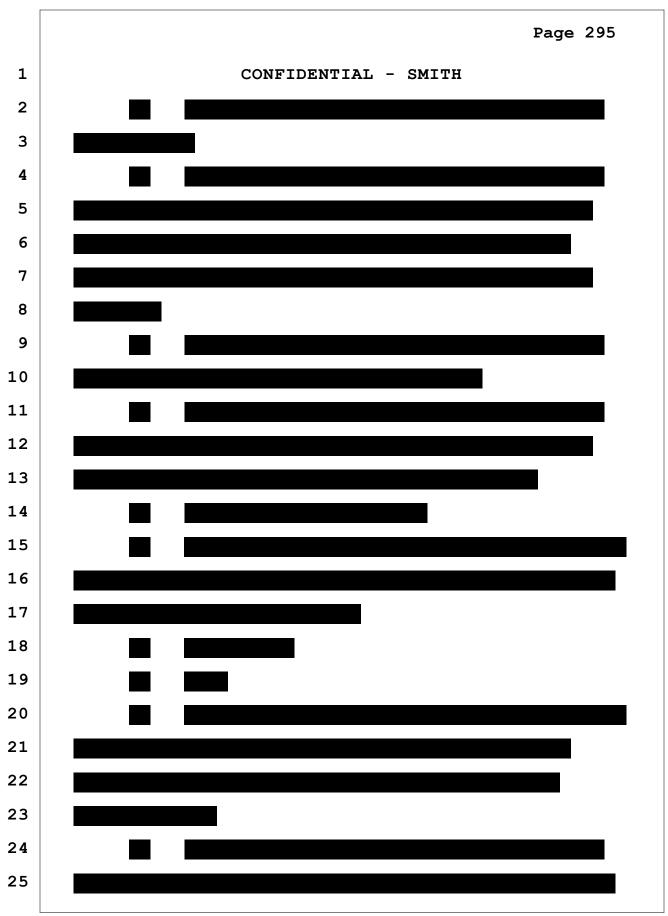
A. Again, I did not -- I was not asked to and I did not feel like I needed to for the purposes of this report calculate my own set of PSC prices. What I was asked to do was review Dr. Hilton's report and also evaluate whether I could calculate damages on a class-wide basis, and I relied on performing that analysis using the methodology of Dr. Hilton for determining PSC prices. But if asked to in the future, I could perform an analysis that potentially could identify PSC prices, but I would need to know the





Page 217 1 CONFIDENTIAL - SMITH 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Α. My review of Dr. Hilton's report and 10 scripts, I could not determine what she used for 11 the Connecticut Reconciliation data. 12 When I reviewed her prices where we 13 disconnected on Connecticut Medicaid 14 reconciliation, I looked at all different 15 possibilities, and if the price she selected could 16 tie to one of those, then it was not one of the 72 17 I identified. 18 Q. When you couldn't determine what price 19 she used, did you consider that your 20 methodology -- strike that. 21 When you couldn't determine the price 22 that she used, did you consider that your 23 replication of her methodology was incorrect? 24 Α. When I could not replicate her price 25 from the Connecticut Medicaid Reconciliation data,

Page 236 1 CONFIDENTIAL - SMITH 2 opinion is that you would need to factor in the 3 enrollment fee in determining the PSC price. 4 if you did not do that, then the PSC price would 5 be misstated. If the court were to agree with 6 7 Dr. Nordby that membership fees do need to be 8 accounted for, you're opining in this action that 9 there's a methodological way to account for them, 10 correct? 11 Α. I performed a methodology to account for 12 them, yes. 13 Q. And the methodology that you created is 14 reliable in your opinion, correct? 15 Α. That's correct. 16 I'd like you to go to page 14 of your 0. 17 Can you let me know when you are there. report. 18 I'm at page 14. Α. 19 So Note 79, the final sentence. Q. 20 21 22 23 24 25



Page 296 1 CONFIDENTIAL - SMITH 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 Let's take a look at the Dymon Q. declaration. Can you go to Exhibit 536. 9 10 Α. I'm at 536. 11 Go to page 31. Let me know when you're Ο. 12 at page 31. 13 Α. Okay. 14 Four lines from the bottom, paragraph 15 32, "Walgreens identifies PSC transactions by 16 identifying transactions where third party plan id 17 equals WCARD and plan group nbr equals 4934WCARD." 18 Do you see that line? 19 Α. I see that line. 20 That's not how you identify PSC 0. 21 transactions, correct? 22 Α. Did not limit, apply a specific filter 23 in here. My analysis when I limit to sold 24 records, there were only third-party plan IDs and 25 Wcard.

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2	record. The time is 8:18 p.m.
3	(Whereupon, off the record.)
4	(Whereupon, resumed.)
5	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're back on the
6	record. The time is 8:24 p.m.
7	MR. ALEXANDER: Mr. Smith, thank you
8	very much for spending this rainy day with
9	us. I have no further questions.
10	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Okay. We are off
11	the record at 8:24 p.m. and this concludes
12	today's testimony given by Jed Smith.
13	The total number of media used was
14	eight and will be retained by Veritext.
15	(Whereupon, off the record.)
16	(Whereupon, stenographic and
17	video-recorded deposition adjourned 8:24
18	p.m.)
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CERTIFICATE

I, JOSEPHINE H. FASSETT, a Registered
Professional Reporter, Certified Court Reporter, and
Notary Public of the states of New York and New
Jersey, do hereby certify that the witness, whose
stenographic remote virtual deposition is
hereinbefore set forth, was first duly sworn by me
on the date indicated, and that the foregoing
stenographic remote virtual deposition is a true and
accurate record of the testimony given by such
witness.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not employed by nor related to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that I am in no way interested in the outcome of this matter.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have subscribed my hand this 10th day of May 2023.

Jan H San

JOSEPHINE H. FASSETT, RPR, CCR NCRA License No. 32148 CCR License No. 30XI00098400 New York Notary Public

New Jersey Notary Public

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